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**Class -VI Mathematics (Ex. 2.1)**  
**Questions**

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1. Write the next three natural numbers after 10999.
2. Write the three whole numbers occurring just before 10001.
3. Which is the smallest whole number?
4. How many whole numbers are there between 32 and 53?
5. Write the successor of:  
(a) 2440701                      (b) 100199                      (c) 1099999                      (d) 2345670
6. Write the predecessor of:  
(a) 94                                  (b) 10000                      (c) 208090                      (d) 7654321
7. In each of the following pairs of numbers, state which whole number is on the left of the other number on the number line. Also write them with the appropriate sign ( $>$ ,  $<$ ) between them.  
(a) 530, 503                                  (b) 370, 307  
(c) 98765, 56789                                  (d) 9830415, 10023001
8. Which of the following statements are true (T) and which are false (F):  
(a) Zero is the smallest natural number.  
(b) 400 is the predecessor of 399.  
(c) Zero is the smallest whole number.  
(d) 600 is the successor of 599.  
(e) All natural numbers are whole numbers.  
(f) All whole numbers are natural numbers.  
(g) The predecessor of a two digit number is never a single digit number.  
(h) 1 is the smallest whole number.  
(i) The natural number 1 has no predecessor.  
(j) The whole number 1 has no predecessor.  
(k) The whole number 13 lies between 11 and 12.  
(l) The whole number 0 has no predecessor.  
(m) The successor of a two digit number is always a two digit number.

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**Class -VI Mathematics (Ex. 2.1)**

**Answers**

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1.  $10,999 + 1 = 11,000$   
 $11,000 + 1 = 11,001$   
 $11,001 + 1 = 11,002$
2.  $10,001 - 1 = 10,000$   
 $10,000 - 1 = 9,999$   
 $9,999 - 1 = 9,998$
3. '0' (zero) is the smallest whole number.
4.  $53 - 32 - 1 = 20$   
There are 20 whole numbers between 32 and 53.
5. (a) Successor of 2440701 is  $2440701 + 1 = 2440702$   
(b) Successor of 100199 is  $100199 + 1 = 100200$   
(c) Successor of 1099999 is  $1099999 + 1 = 1100000$   
(d) Successor of 2345670 is  $2345670 + 1 = 2345671$
6. (a) The predecessor of 94 is  $94 - 1 = 93$   
(b) The predecessor of 10000 is  $10000 - 1 = 9999$   
(c) The predecessor of 208090 is  $208090 - 1 = 208089$   
(d) The predecessor of 7654321 is  $7654321 - 1 = 7654320$
7. (a)  $530 > 503$ ;      So 503 appear on left side of 530 on number line.  
(b)  $370 > 307$ ;      So 307 appear on left side of 370 on number line.  
(c)  $98765 > 56789$ ;      So 56789 appear on left side of 98765 on number line.  
(d)  $9830415 < 10023001$ ;      So 9830415 appear on left side of 10023001 on number line.
8. (a) False                      (b) False                      (c) True                      (d) True  
(e) True                      (f) False                      (g) False                      (h) False  
(i) True                      (j) False                      (k) False                      (l) True  
(m) False

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**Class -VI Mathematics (Ex. 2.2)**

**Questions**

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1. Find the sum by suitable rearrangement:  
(a)  $837 + 208 + 363$  (b)  $1962 + 453 + 1538 + 647$
2. Find the product by suitable arrangement:  
(a)  $2 \times 1768 \times 50$  (b)  $4 \times 166 \times 25$   
(c)  $8 \times 291 \times 125$  (d)  $625 \times 279 \times 16$   
(e)  $285 \times 5 \times 60$  (f)  $125 \times 40 \times 8 \times 25$
3. Find the value of the following:  
(a)  $297 \times 17 + 297 \times 3$   
(b)  $54279 \times 92 + 8 \times 54279$   
(c)  $81265 \times 169 - 81265 \times 69$   
(d)  $3845 \times 5 \times 782 + 769 \times 25 \times 218$
4. Find the product using suitable properties:  
(a)  $738 \times 103$  (b)  $854 \times 102$   
(c)  $258 \times 1008$  (d)  $1005 \times 168$
5. A taxi-driver, filled his car petrol tank with 40 liters of petrol on Monday. The next day, he filled the tank with 50 liters of petrol. If the petrol costs ₹ 44 per liter, how much did he spend in all on petrol?
6. A vendor supplies 32 liters of milk to a hotel in a morning and 68 liters of milk in the evening. If the milk costs ₹ 15 per liter, how much money is due to the vendor per day?
7. Match the following:  
(i)  $425 \times 136 = 425 \times (6 + 30 + 100)$  (a) Commutativity under multiplication  
(ii)  $2 \times 48 \times 50 = 2 \times 50 \times 49$  (b) Commutativity under addition  
(iii)  $80 + 2005 + 20 = 80 + 20 + 2005$  (c) Distributivity multiplication under addition

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**Class -VI Mathematics (Ex. 2.2)**

**Answers**

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1. (a)  $837 + 208 + 363$   
 $= (837 + 363) + 208$   
 $= 1200 + 208$   
 $= 1408$
- (b)  $1962 + 453 + 1538 + 647$   
 $= (1962 + 1538) + (453 + 647)$   
 $= 3500 + 1100$   
 $= 4600$
2. (a)  $2 \times 1768 \times 50$   
 $= (2 \times 50) \times 1768$   
 $= 100 \times 1768$   
 $= 176800$
- (b)  $4 \times 166 \times 25$   
 $= (4 \times 25) \times 166$   
 $= 100 \times 166$   
 $= 16600$
- (c)  $8 \times 291 \times 125$   
 $= (8 \times 125) \times 291$   
 $= 1000 \times 291$   
 $= 291000$
- (b)  $625 \times 279 \times 16$   
 $= (625 \times 16) \times 279$   
 $= 10000 \times 279$   
 $= 2790000$
- (e)  $285 \times 5 \times 60$   
 $= 284 \times (5 \times 60)$   
 $= 284 \times 300$   
 $= 85500$
- (f)  $125 \times 40 \times 8 \times 25$   
 $= (125 \times 8) \times (40 \times 25)$   
 $= 1000 \times 1000$   
 $= 1000000$
3. (a)  $297 \times 17 + 297 \times 3$   
 $= 297 \times (17 + 3)$   
 $= 297 \times 20$   
 $= 5940$
- (b)  $54279 \times 92 + 8 \times 542379$   
 $= 54279 \times (92 + 8)$   
 $= 54279 \times 100$   
 $= 5427900$
- (c)  $81265 \times 169 - 81265 \times 69$   
 $= 81265 \times (169 - 69)$   
 $= 81265 \times 100$   
 $= 8126500$
- (d)  $3845 \times 5 \times 782 + 769 \times 25 \times 218$   
 $= 3845 \times 5 \times 782 + 769 \times 5 \times 5 \times 218$   
 $= 3845 \times 5 \times 782 + 3845 \times 5 \times 218$   
 $= 3845 \times 5 \times (782 + 218)$   
 $= 3845 \times 5 \times 1000$   
 $= 19225000$
4. (a)  $738 \times 103$   
 $= 738 \times (100 + 3)$   
 $= 738 \times 100 + 738 \times 3$   
 $= 73800 + 2214$   
 $= 76014$
- (b)  $854 \times 102$   
 $= 854 \times (100 + 2)$   
 $= 854 \times 100 + 854 \times 2$   
 $= 85400 + 1708$   
 $= 87108$
- (c)  $258 \times 1008$   
 $= 258 \times (1000 + 8)$   
 $= 258 \times 1000 + 258 \times 8$
- (d)  $1005 \times 168$   
 $= (1000 + 5) \times 168$   
 $= 1000 \times 168 + 5 \times 168$

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$$= 258000 + 2064$$

$$= 260064$$

$$= 168000 + 840$$

$$= 168840$$

5. Petrol filled on Monday = 40 liters

Petrol filled on next day = 50 liters

Total petrol filled = 90 liters

Now, Cost of 1 liter petrol = ₹ 44

Cost of 90 liters petrol =  $44 \times 90$

$$= 44 \times (100 - 10)$$

$$= 44 \times 100 - 44 \times 10$$

$$= 4400 - 440$$

$$= ₹ 3960$$

Therefore, he spent ₹ 3960 on petrol.

6. Supply of milk in morning = 32 liters

Supply of milk in evening = 68 liters

Total supply =  $32 + 68 = 100$  liters

Now Cost of 1 liter milk = ₹ 15

Cost of 100 liters milk =  $15 \times 100 = ₹ 1500$

Therefore, ₹ 1500 is due to the vendor per day.

7. (i)  $425 \times 136 = 425 \times (6 + 30 + 100)$

(c) Distributivity of multiplication over addition

(ii)  $2 \times 49 \times 50 = 2 \times 50 \times 49$

(a) Commutivity under multiplication

(iii)  $80 + 2005 + 20 = 80 + 20 + 2005$

(b) Commutivity under addition

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**Class -VI Mathematics (Ex. 2.3)**  
**Questions**

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1. Which of the following will not represent zero:  
(a)  $1 + 0$  (b)  $0 \times 0$   
(c)  $\frac{0}{2}$  (d)  $\frac{10-10}{2}$
2. If the product of two whole numbers is zero, can we say that one or both of them will be zero? Justify through examples.
3. If the product of two whole number is 1, can we say that one or both of them will be 1? Justify through examples.
4. Find using distributive property:  
(a)  $728 \times 101$  (b)  $5437 \times 1001$   
(c)  $824 \times 25$  (d)  $4275 \times 125$   
(e)  $504 \times 35$
5. Study the pattern:  
 $1 \times 8 + 1 = 9;$                        $12 \times 8 + 2 = 98;$                        $123 \times 8 + 3 = 987$   
 $1234 \times 8 + 4 = 9876;$                        $12345 \times 8 + 5 = 98765$   
Write the next two steps. Can you say how the pattern works?

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**Class -VI Mathematics (Ex. 2.3)**

**Answers**

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1. (a) [1 + 0 is equal to 1]

2. Yes, if we multiply any number with zero the resultant product will be zero.

Example:  $2 \times 0 = 0$ ,  $5 \times 0 = 0$ ,  $9 \times 0 = 0$

If both numbers are zero, then the result also be zero.

$$0 \times 0 = 0$$

3. If only one number be 1 then the product cannot be 1.

Examples:  $5 \times 1 = 5$ ,  $4 \times 1 = 4$ ,  $8 \times 1 = 8$

If both number are 1, then the product is 1

$$1 \times 1 = 1$$

4. (a)  $728 \times 101$

$$= 728 \times (100 + 1)$$

$$= 728 \times 100 + 728 \times 1$$

$$= 72800 + 728$$

$$= 73528$$

(c)  $824 \times 25$

$$= 824 \times (20 + 5)$$

$$= 824 \times 20 + 824 \times 5$$

$$= 16480 + 4120$$

$$= 20600$$

(e)  $504 \times 35$

$$= (500 + 4) \times 35$$

$$= 500 \times 35 + 4 \times 35$$

$$= 17500 + 140$$

$$= 17640$$

(b)  $5437 \times 1001$

$$= 5437 \times (1000 + 1)$$

$$= 5437 \times 1000 + 5437 \times 1$$

$$= 5437000 + 5437$$

$$= 5442437$$

(d)  $4275 \times 125$

$$= 4275 \times (100 + 20 + 5)$$

$$= 4275 \times 100 + 4275 \times 20 + 4275 \times 5$$

$$= 427500 + 85500 + 21375$$

$$= 534375$$

5.  $123456 \times 8 + 6 = 987654$

$1234567 \times 8 + 7 = 9876543$

Pattern works like this:

$$1 \times 8 + 1 = 9$$

$$12 \times 8 + 2 = 98$$

$$123 \times 8 + 3 = 987$$

$$1234 \times 8 + 4 = 9876$$

$$12345 \times 8 + 5 = 98765$$

$$123456 \times 8 + 6 = 987654$$

$$1234567 \times 8 + 7 = 9876543$$