CHAPTER – 16: Strategies for Enhancementin Food Production

- 1. What is the main goal of agriculturalbiotechnology?
 - a) To enhance soil fertility
 - b) To increase crop yields
 - c) To reduce pest populations
 - d) To improve irrigation techniques
- 2. Which of the following is a method of organic farming?
 - a) Use of synthetic fertilizers
 - b) Genetic modification of crops
 - c) Composting and natural pest control
 - d) Use of chemical pesticides
- 3. Which technology is used to improve thenutritional quality of crops?
 - a) Conventional breeding
 - b) Genetic engineering
 - c) Organic farming
 - d) Soil conservation
- 4. What is the main benefit of usinggenetically modified (GM) crops?
 - b) Reduced crop diversityIncreased resistance to pests and diseases
 - c) Decreased nutritional content
 - d) Higher soil erosion
- 5. Which farming practice helps in conservingsoil moisture?
 - a) Monoculture
 - b) Crop rotation
 - c) Tillage
 - d) Irrigation
- 6. What is the purpose of crop rotation?
 - a) To increase soil erosion
 - b) To maintain soil fertility and reducepests
 - c) To increase the use of chemical fertilizers
 - d) To maximize the use of irrigation
- 7. Which method is used to enhance the production of high-yielding varieties of

crops?

- a) Cross-breeding
- b) Organic farming
- c) Hydroponics
- d) Genetic modification
- 8. What is the primary function of biofortification?
 - a) To improve soil structure
 - b) To enhance the nutritional content ofcrops
 - c) To reduce water usage in agriculture
 - d) To increase the shelf life of produce
- 9. Which practice is considered sustainable inagriculture?
 - a) Overuse of chemical pesticides
 - b) Use of genetically modified organisms(GMOs)
 - c) Integrated pest management
 - d) Monoculture
- 10. Which of the following is a benefit of precision agriculture?
 - a) Increased use of water and fertilizers
 - b) Reduced crop yields
 - c) Optimized use of resources
 - d) Increased soil erosion
- 11. What is the main objective of the GreenRevolution?
 - a) To increase agricultural production through technology
 - b) To promote organic farming methods
 - c) To reduce the use of chemical fertilizers
 - d) To conserve natural habitats
- 12. Which type of irrigation system is knownfor being water-efficient?
 - a) Flood irrigation
 - b) Drip irrigation
 - c) Surface irrigation
 - d) Sprinkler irrigation
- 13. What is the primary role of soilconservation techniques?

- a) To increase soil salinity
- b) To prevent soil erosion and degradation
- c) To reduce soil fertility
- d) To enhance soil compaction
- 14. Which of the following is a key feature of hydroponic farming?
 - a) Use of soil for growing plants
 - b) Growing plants in a nutrient-rich watersolution
 - c) Use of synthetic fertilizers
 - d) Traditional farming practices
- 15. What is the main purpose of integrated pestmanagement (IPM)?
 - a) To eliminate all pests using chemicals
 - b) To manage pest populations using acombination of methods
 - c) To increase the use of pesticides
 - d) To reduce crop yields
- 16. Which technique is used to improve theresistance of crops to diseases?
 - a) Conventional breeding
 - b) Genetic modification
 - c) Soil enrichment
 - d) Crop rotation
- 17. What is the main advantage of using covercrops?
 - a) They increase soil erosion
 - b) They improve soil health and preventerosion
 - c) They reduce crop yields
 - d) They require more water
- 18. Which of the following is an example of ahigh-yielding variety of crop?
 - a) Traditional maize
 - b) Organic wheat
 - c) Hybrid rice
 - d) Heritage vegetables
- 19. What is the purpose of artificial selection inagriculture?
 - a) To enhance natural plant traits

- b) To select plants with desirable traits forbreeding
- c) To increase genetic diversity
- d) To reduce crop yields
- 20. Which of the following practices helps inreducing the environmental impact of

farming?

- a) Use of chemical pesticides
- b) Implementation of sustainable farmingpractices
- c) Monoculture farming
- d) Overuse of water resources
- 21. What is the role of plant tissue culture incrop improvement?
 - a) To enhance soil fertility
 - b) To propagate plants under controlled conditions
 - c) To improve irrigation techniques
 - d) To manage pest populations
- 22. Which of the following is a benefit of usingcover crops in agriculture?
 - a) Increased soil erosion
 - b) Enhanced soil fertility and structure
 - c) Reduced water retention
 - d) Decreased crop yields
- 23. What is the main purpose of using organic fertilizers?
 - a) To increase the use of synthetic chemicals
 - b) To improve soil health and fertilitynaturally
 - c) To reduce the availability of nutrients
 - d) To increase the environmental impact offarming
- 24. Which technology is used for monitoringcrop health and growth remotely?
 - a) Soil sensors
 - b) Drones and satellite imagery
 - c) Manual observation
 - d) Weather forecasts
- 25. What is the primary objective of sustainable agriculture?
 - a) To maximize short-term crop yields
 - b) To balance productivity with

environmental and social concerns

- c) To focus solely on chemical input
- d) To increase monoculture practices
- 26. Which of the following is a common method for enhancing soil fertility?
 - a) Overgrazing
 - b) Use of green manure and compost
 - c) Continuous tillage
 - d) Monoculture
- 27. What is the benefit of using GM crops withpest-resistant traits?
 - a) Increased use of chemical pesticides
 - b) Reduced need for chemical pest control
 - c) Decreased crop yields
 - d) Increased soil erosion
- 28. Which practice is essential for maintaining the health of aquatic ecosystems in aquaculture?
 - a) Overfeeding fish
 - b) Using sustainable feed sources
 - c) Neglecting water quality
 - d) Excessive use of antibiotics
- 29. What is the primary benefit of dripirrigation systems?
 - a) Increased water wastage
 - b) Efficient water use directly to plant roots
 - c) Higher energy consumption
 - d) Increased soil erosion
- 30. Which of the following is an example of abiopesticide?
 - a) Chemical fungicides
 - b) Genetically modified crops
 - c) Natural predators and microorganisms
 - d) Synthetic insecticides
- 31. What is the role of plant breeding in cropimprovement?
 - a) To increase soil degradation

- b) To develop crops with desirable traits
- c) To reduce genetic diversity
- d) To decrease nutritional content
- 32. Which technique is used to enhance thequality of fruits and vegetables during
 - post-harvest?
 - e) Use of green manure and compost
 - f) Continuous tillage
 - g) Monoculture
- 33. What is the benefit of using GM crops withpest-resistant traits?
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 - b) To develop crops with desirable traits

- c) To reduce genetic diversity
- d) To decrease nutritional content
- 38. Which technique is used to enhance the quality of fruits and vegetables during
 - post-harvest?
 - a) Genetic modification
 - b) Controlled atmosphere storage
 - c) Increased pesticide use
 - d) Traditional storage methods
- 33. What is the purpose of using organic pesticides?
 - a) To increase chemical residues
 - b) To control pests with natural substances
 - c) To enhance soil fertility
 - d) To maximize water usage
- 34. Which method of farming emphasizes theuse of natural processes and inputs?
 - a) Industrial agriculture
 - b) Organic farming
 - c) Conventional farming
 - d) Monoculture
- 35. What is the primary goal of precisionagriculture?
 - a) To maximize use of water and fertilizers
 - b) To optimize inputs and improve cropmanagement
 - c) To reduce the use of technology
 - d) To increase environmental impact
- 36. Which of the following is an example of asustainable farming practice?
 - a) Over-reliance on synthetic fertilizers
 - b) Implementation of agroforestry systems
 - c) High tillage
 - d) Use of monoculture
- 37. What is the main benefit of integratinglivestock and crop production systems?
 - a) Increased land degradation
 - b) Improved nutrient cycling and resourceuse
 - c) Higher dependence on synthetic inputs

d) Reduced soil fertility

- 38. Which of the following is a common method for managing soil salinity?
 - a) Use of chemical fertilizers
 - b) Implementation of proper drainagesystems
 - c) Overirrigation
 - d) Increased tillage
- 39. What is the purpose of using hybrid seedsin agriculture?
 - a) To increase genetic uniformity
 - b) To enhance yield and resistance traits
 - c) To reduce crop diversity
 - d) To increase soil erosion
- 40. Which technology helps in identifyingnutrient deficiencies in crops?
 - a) Soil sensors
 - b) Satellite imagery
 - c) Manual observation
 - d) Weather forecasts
- 41. What is the primary benefit of using conservation tillage?
 - a) Increased soil erosion
 - b) Improved soil structure and reducederosion
 - c) Reduced water infiltration
 - d) Decreased crop yields
- 42. Which practice is used to improve the quality of animal feed?
 - a) Use of genetically modified feed
 - b) Organic feed supplementation
 - c) Increased use of antibiotics
 - d) Overfeeding
- 43. What is the main advantage of using precision irrigation systems?
 - a) Increased water waste
 - b) Efficient use of water resources
 - c) Reduced crop yields
 - d) Higher energy consumption
- 44. Which method is used to control weeds in asustainable manner?

- a) Herbicide use
- b) Mechanical weeding and mulching
- c) Increasing soil salinity
- d) Overuse of chemical fertilizers
- 45. What is the primary goal of aquaponics?
 - a) To grow crops in soil
 - b) To integrate fish farming with plantcultivation
 - c) To increase pesticide use
 - d) To decrease water use
 - 46. Which practice helps in reducing theenvironmental footprint of farming?
 - a) Excessive use of chemical inputs
 - b) Adoption of sustainable farmingpractices
 - c) Monoculture
 - d) Over-reliance on synthetic fertilizers
 - 47. What is the role of genetically modified organisms (GMOs) in agriculture?
 - a) To reduce crop diversity
- b) To increase crop yields and resistance
 - c) To enhance soil fertility
 - d) To decrease plant growth
 - 48. Which method is used to enhance the growth of crops in areas with poor soil?
 - a) Use of synthetic fertilizers only
 - b) Application of organic compost andbiofertilizers
 - c) Overgrazing
 - d) Increased tillage
 - 49. What is the main objective of sustainablefisheries management?
 - a) To maximize short-term catches
 - b) To ensure long-term sustainability andhealth of fish stocks
 - c) To increase pollution levels
 - d) To reduce fishing efforts
 - 50. Which of the following practices is most effective for reducing soil erosion?
 - a) Increased tillage

b) Use of cover crops and conservationtillage

- c) Monoculture
- d) Overuse of water resources

Answer key

1	2	3	4	5
В	С	В	В	В
6	7	8	9	10
В	D	В	С	С
11	12	13	14	15
Α	В	В	В	В
16	17	18	19	20
В	В	С	В	В
21	22	23	24	25
В	В	В	В	В
26	27	28	29	30
В	В	В	В	С
31	32	33	34	35
В	В	В	В	В
36	37	38	39	40
В	В	В	В	Α
41	42	43	44	45
В	С	В	В	В
46	47	48	49	50
Α	В	В	В	Α