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$\begin{array}{c} \text{mprises of Multiple-ch}\\ A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 9 \\ 3 & 9 & 6 \\ 1 & 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ which of the ell}\\ b) 2, 9, 7\\ \text{matrix } A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 & 9 \\ 12 & 11 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \text{ write} \\ \end{array}$	<b>SECTION A</b> <b>noice questions (MCQ) of 1 mark</b> lements a <sub>ij</sub> follows the condition i=j. c) 2, 3, 9 d	each.)
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$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ which of the e}$ b) 2, 9, 7 matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 & 9 \\ 12 & 11 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \text{ wr}$	lements $a_{ij}$ follows the condition i=j. c) 2, 3, 9 d	
b) 2, 9, 7 matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 & 9 \\ 12 & 11 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$ where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 & 9 \\ 12 & 11 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$	c) 2, 3, 9 d)	
matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 & 9 \\ 12 & 11 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$ W/		) 2, 3, 1
matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 11 & 101 & M/I \end{bmatrix}$		
x b) Column ma	hat is the type of matrix?	) Vertical matrix
[a+b]	1 [3 2]	
e of a,b,c,d if $\begin{bmatrix} a + b \\ a - b \end{bmatrix} 2c + c$	$d = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$	
b) 3, 2, 1, 6	c) 2, 2, 2, 2 d	) 2, 1, 2, 2
of x and y if $2\begin{bmatrix} 5 & x \\ y-4 & 6 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -3 & -3 \\ -3 & -3 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 3 \\ 10 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$	
b) x=-1, y=-9	c) x=1, y=-9 d	) x=1, y=9
following condition is incor	rect for matrix multiplication?	
b) A(B+C)=AB	C AB=0 if eitherAorBis0 d	) AB=BA
ollowing is not the property of	transpose of a matrix?	
b) (A+B)'=A'+	B' c) (AB)'=(BA)' d)	) (kA)'=KA'
following is the reversal law	v of transposes?	
A' b) (AB)'=B'A	c) (AB)'=(BA)' d	) (A+B)'=B'+A'
hen which of the following is s	kew-symmetric?	× • • •
0) A <sup>+</sup> A	C) 2(A+A) d	) A-A'
following is not a valid elem	nentary operation?	
b) $R_i \rightarrow R_j + kR_i$	c) $R_i \rightarrow kR_i$ d	) $R_i \rightarrow 1 + kR_i$
allowing column or article is i	necessary the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 6 & 3 & 8 \end{bmatrix} $	
b) $C \rightarrow C \rightarrow C$	ncorrect for the matrix $A=10^{-5}$ $5^{-5}$ $0^{-1}$	
$\mathbf{D} : \mathbf{C}_2 \rightarrow \mathbf{C}_1 + \mathbf{C}_2$	$C_1 C_2 \rightarrow 2 \pm 2 C_2$ d	$U_2 \rightarrow 2U_1 + 2U_2 - U_3$
3	b) 3, 2, 1, 6 of x and y if $2\begin{bmatrix} 5 & x \\ y-4 & 6 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -x \\ -x \\ -x \\ -x \end{bmatrix}$ following condition is incor B)C b) A(B+C)=AB collowing is not the property of b) (A+B)'=A'+ following is the reversal law A' b) (AB)'=B'A then which of the following is s b) A+A' following is not a valid elen b) R <sub>i</sub> $\rightarrow$ R <sub>j</sub> +kR <sub>i</sub> collowing column operation is i b) C <sub>2</sub> $\rightarrow$ C <sub>1</sub> +C <sub>2</sub>	b) 3, 2, 1, 6 c) 2, 2, 2, 2 c) $2, 2, 2, 2$ c) $2, 2, 2, 2, 2$ c) $2, 2, 2, 2, 2$ c) $3, 2, 1, 6$ c) $2, 2, 2, 2, 2$ c) $3, 2$ c) $4, 4$ c) $4, $

**SECTION B** This section comprises of very short answer type-questions (VSA) of 2 marks each.) If a matrix has 5 elements, then write all possible orders it can have. 12 If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ , then Prove that A + A' is a symmetric matrix. If A= $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  then prove that  $A^{n} = \begin{bmatrix} 3^{n-1} & 3^{n-1} & 3^{n-1} \\ 3^{n-1} & 3^{n-1} & 3^{n-1} \\ 3^{n-1} & 3^{n-1} & 3^{n-1} \end{bmatrix}$ 13 SECTION C (This section comprises of short answer type questions (SA) of 3 marks each) If A is a square matrix such that  $A^2 = I$ , then find the simplified value of  $(A - I)^3 + (A + I)^3 - 7A.$ Write the element a of a 3 × 3 matrix A =  $[a_{ii}]$ , whose elements are given by  $a_{ii} = |i-j|/2$ 15 If matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $A^2 = kA$ . then write the value of k. 6 **SECTION D** (This section comprises of long answer-type questions (LA) of 5 marks each) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ , then find  $A^2 - 5A + 4I$  and hence find a matrix X such that  $A^2 - 5A + 4I + X = 0$ . 7  $If A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } A^3 - 6A^2 + 7A + kI_3 = 0, \text{ find the value of } k.$ 18 19 Consider 2 families A and B. Suppose there are 4 men, 4 women and 4 children in family A and 2 men, 2 women and 2 children in family B. The recommended daily amount of calories is 2400 for a man, 1900 for a woman, 1800 for children and 45 grams of proteins for a man, 55 grams for a woman and 33 grams for children. 1. The requirement of calories of family A is a. 15800 b. 15000 c. 24000 d. 24400 2. The requirement of proteins for family B is a. 266 grams b. 300 grams c. 332 grams d. 560 grams 3.If A and B are two matrices such that AB = B and BA = A, then  $A^2 + B^2$  equals a.A + B b. 2BA c. 2AB d. AB